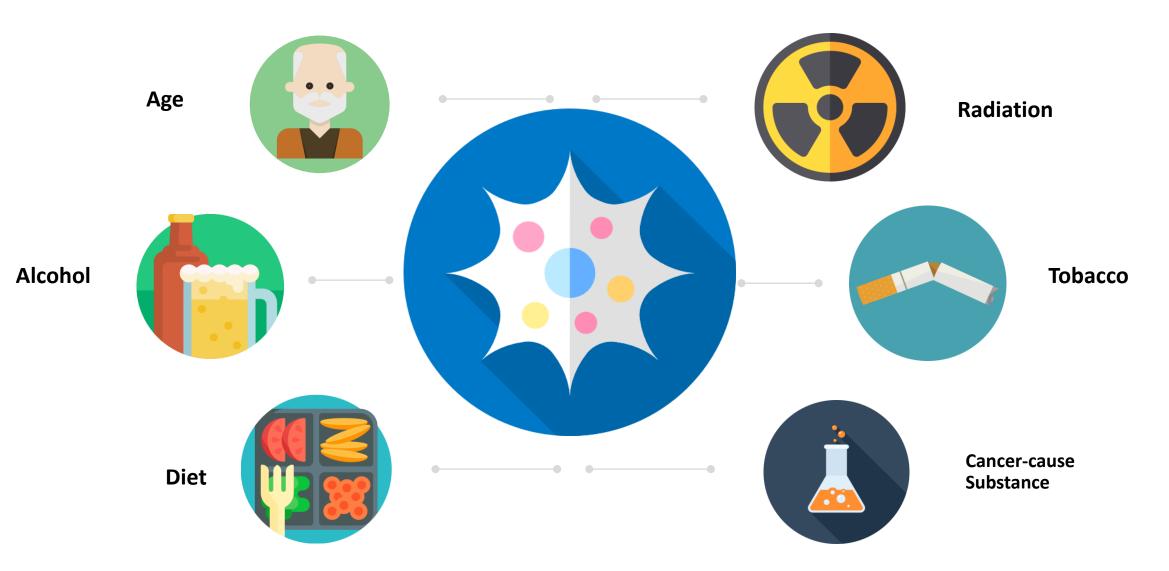
Reduction in cancer risk with Mediterranean diet

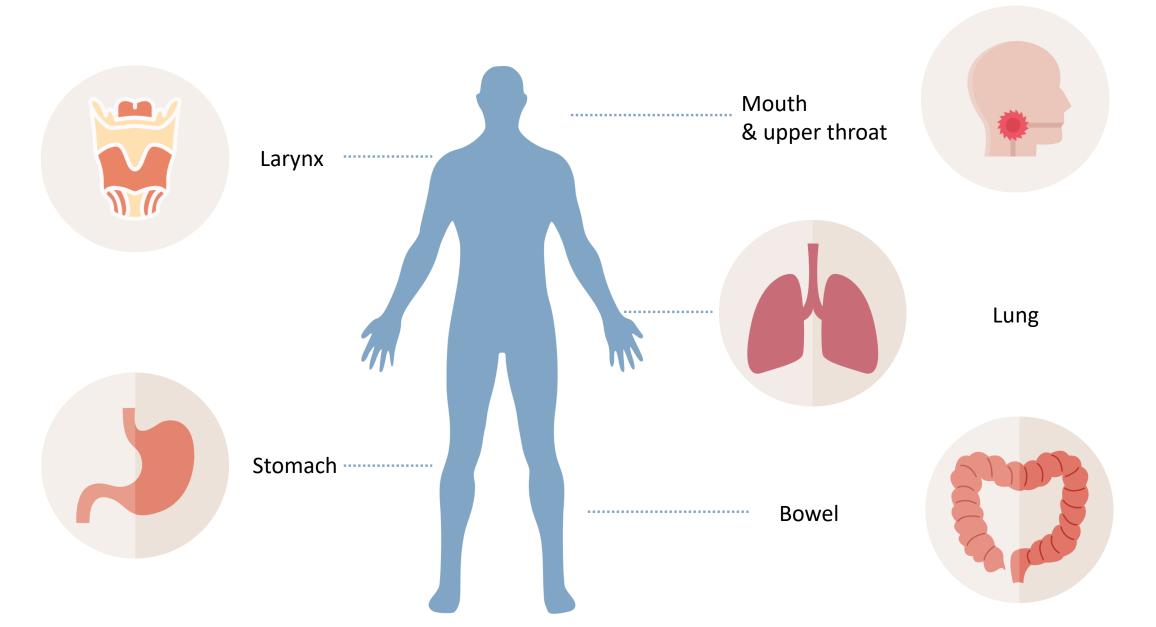
2nd year Ph.D student: Spencer XIA Supervisor: Prof. Paul Chan

13/12/2018

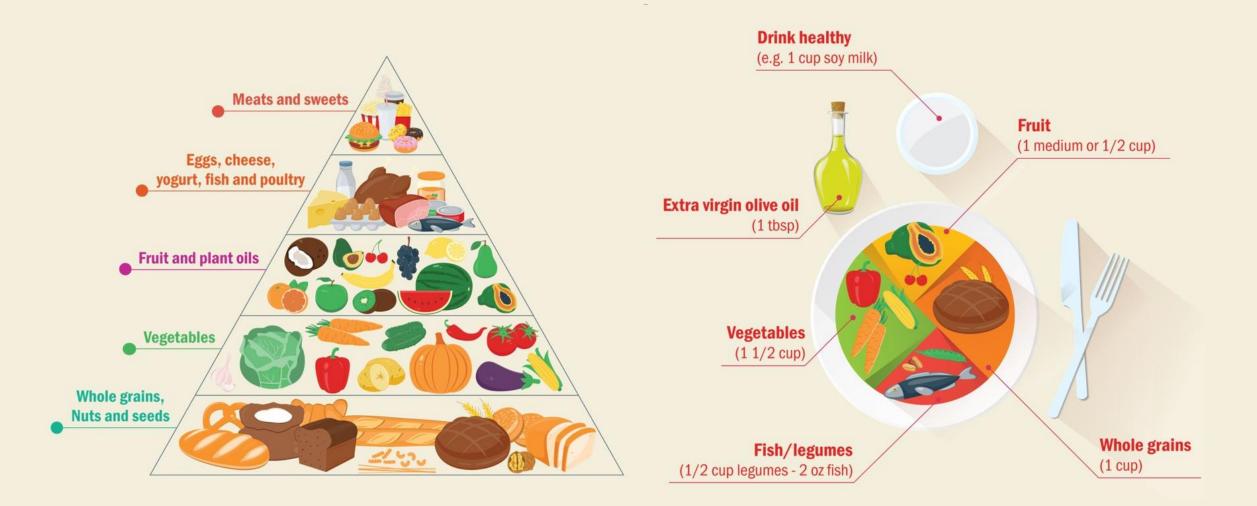
Cancer-related factors



Which cancers are affected?



Mediterranean diet and its feature



Mediterranean diet can reduce cancer risk

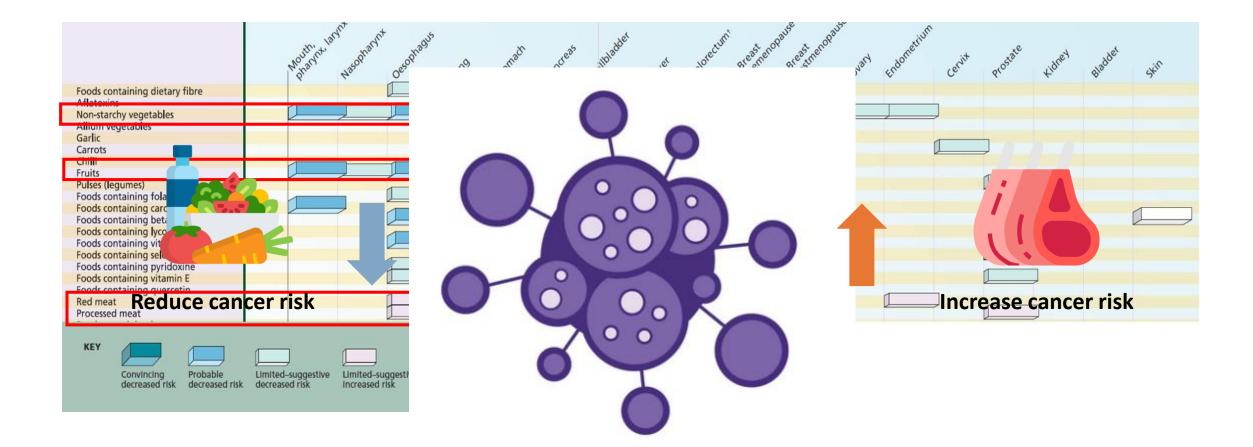
Table 4. Results of Statistical Analysis for the Mediterranean Dietary Pattern (aMED) and Cause-Specific Mortality^a

	aMED Score Men (n=214284)				aMED Score Women (n=166 012)			P Value				
				1 1 <i>P</i> Value								
Characteristic	0-3	4-5	6-9	for Trend	0-3	4-5	6-9	for Trend				
		Cancer										
Cases, No. Age-adjusted rates ^b Age-adjusted HR Multivariate HR ^c Multivariate HR ^d	1 [Reference]	1346 284.0 0.69 (0.65-0.75) 0.84 (0.78-0.91) 0.86 (0.80-0.93)	763 224.0 0.57 (0.53-0.63) 0.79 (0.73-0.87) 0.83 (0.76-0.91)	<.001 <.001 <.001	919 295.5 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference]	921 428 233.6 196.3 Table 4 Hazard ratios ^a for incident can Greek EPIC Study.			5% confidence inter	vals) by score in the Mediter	ranean Diet Scale among 2	5 623 cohort participants: Th
Willivanate Int	I [Nelerence]	0.00 (0.00-0.93)	(/	cular Disease		_			Category of the mediterranean diet score			
Cases, No. Age-adjusted rates ^b	1012 257.9	952 201.0	461 142.3	Guidi Diseasi	446 144.5	Hazard ratios			Score 0-3	Score 4-5	Score 6-9	Per 2-point incremen
Age-adjusted HR Multivariate HR ^c Multivariate HR ^d	1 [Reference] 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference]	0.78 (0.71-0.85) 0.94 (0.86-1.03) 0.95 (0.86-1.04)	0.55 (0.49-0.61) 0.76 (0.68-0.85) 0.78 (0.69-0.87)	<.001 <.001 <.001		G 11 1 1 1 1			Reference Reference Reference	0.84 (0.72-0.98) 0.83 (0.67-1.03) 0.86 (0.68-1.08)	0.78 (0.64-0.94) 0.86 (0.66-1.11) 0.70 (0.52-0.93)	0.88 (0.80-0.95) 0.91 (0.81-1.02) 0.84 (0.74-0.95)
Cases, No.	761	Other Causes 761 657 329 421		421	Excluding first year of follow-up (all cancers)			Reference	0.85 (0.72-1.00)	0.76 (0.63–0.93)	0.88 (0.80-0.96)	
Age-adjusted rates ^b Age-adjusted HR Multivariate HR ^c Multivariate HR ^d	193.8 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference]	138.8 0.72 (0.65-0.80) 0.88 (0.79-0.98) 0.90 (0.81-1.00)	101.1 0.52 (0.46-0.60) 0.74 (0.65-0.85) 0.77 (0.70-0.88)	<.001 <.001 <.001	135.9 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference] 1 [Reference]	Women	0.72 (0.59-0.87)	<.001	Reference Reference	0.96 (0.76–1.20) 0.74 (0.59–0.92)	0.83 (0.63–1.09) 0.73 (0.56–0.96)	0.91 (0.80-1.02) 0.84 (0.74-0.95)

Results The Mediterranean diet was associated with reduced all-cause and cause-specific mortality. In men, the multivariate HRs comparing high to low conformity for all-cause, CVD, and cancer mortality were 0.79 (95% CI, 0.76-0.83), 0.78 (95% CI, 0.69-0.87), and 0.83 (95% CI, 0.76-0.91), respectively. In women, an inverse association was seen with high conformity with this pattern: decreased risks that ranged from 12% for cancer mortality to 20% for all-cause mortality (P = .04 and P < .001, respectively, for the trend). When we restricted our analyses to never smokers, associations were virtually unchanged.

Mitrou, Panagiota N., et al. Archives of Internal Medicine 167.22 (2007): 2461-2468.

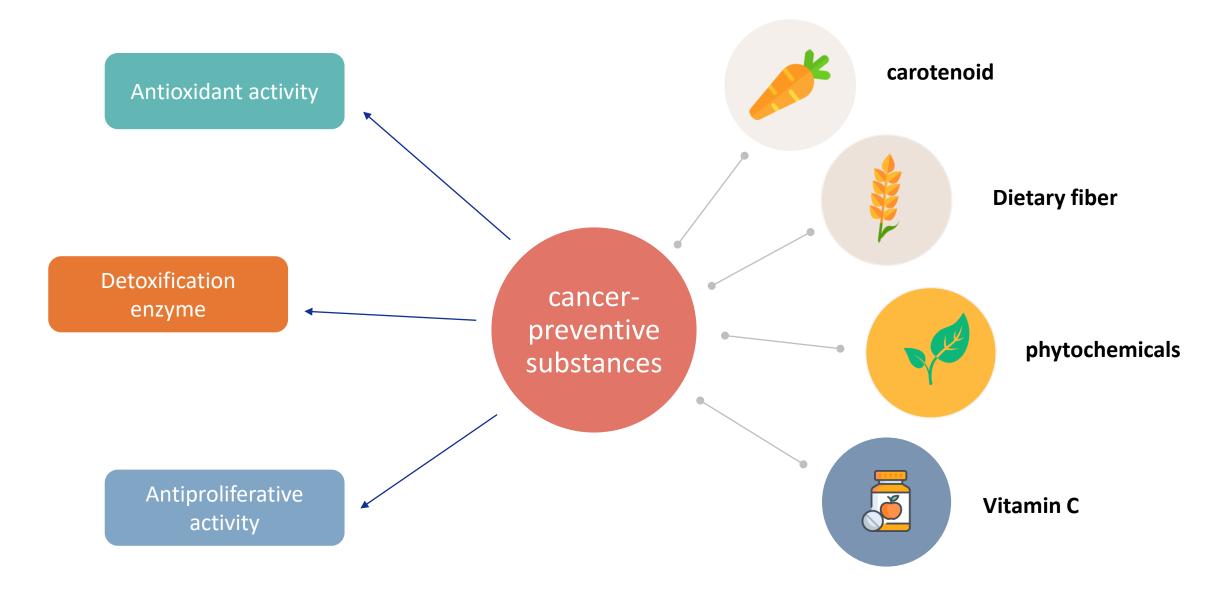
Diet structure and cancer risk



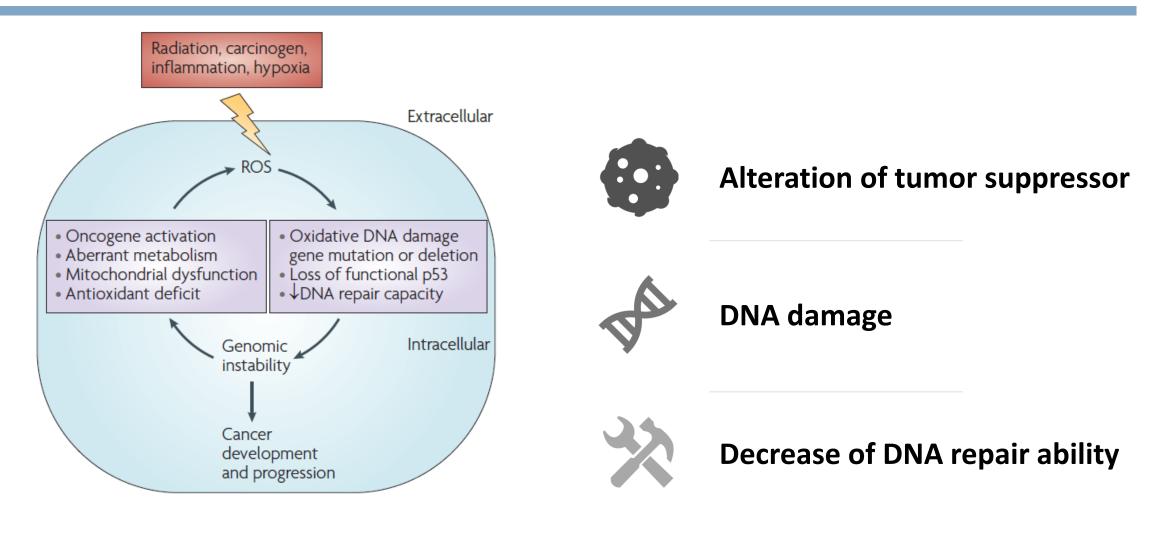
Relationship between food and the risk of cancer of the sites reviewed

World Cancer Research Fund / American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. 2007

How can fruit and vegetable decrease cancer risk

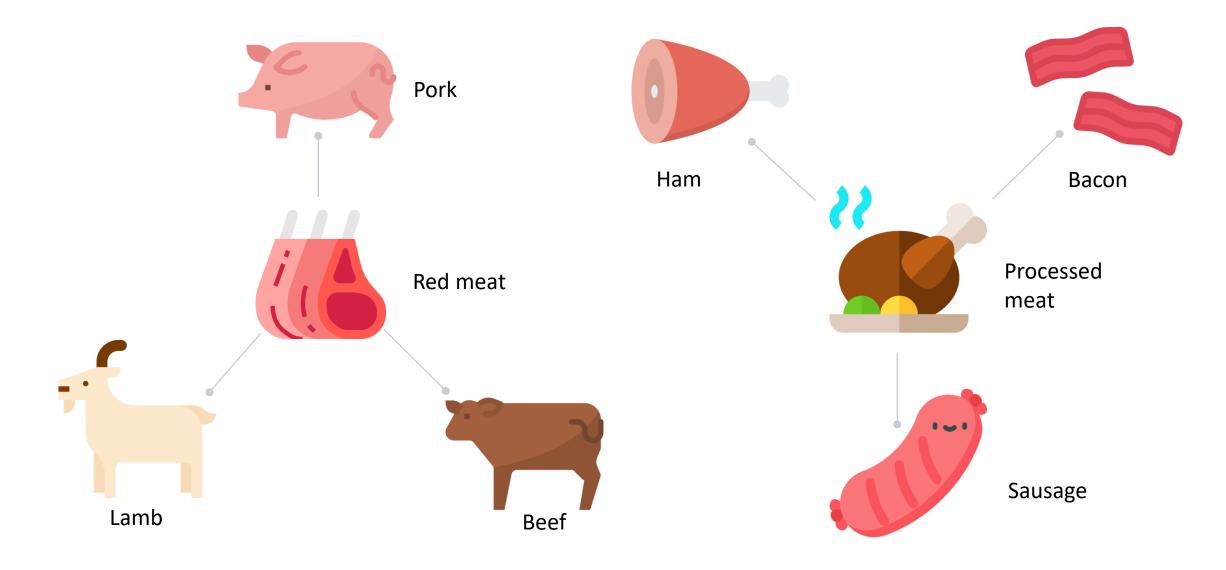


Reactive oxygen species (ROS) and cancer

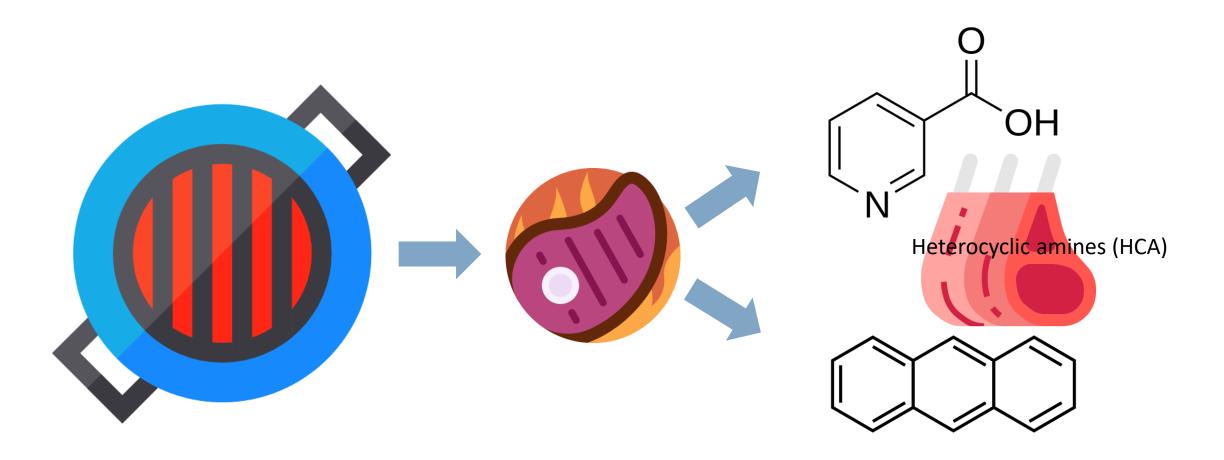


The vicious cycle of ROS stress in cancer

Red meat and processed meat

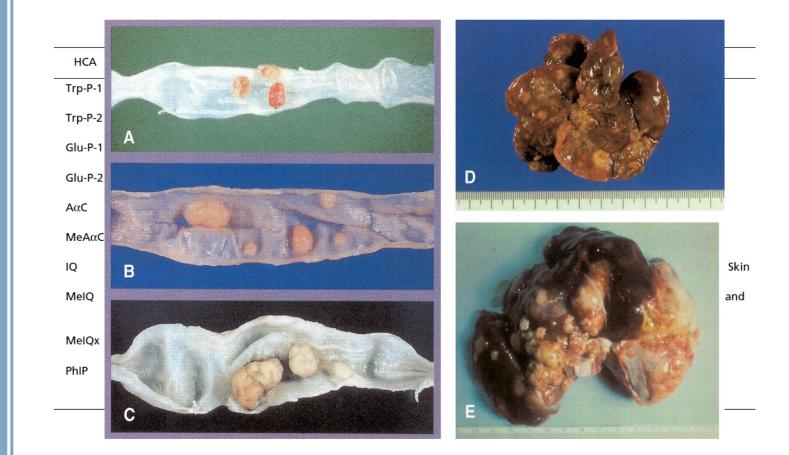


Red meat and processed meat



polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH)

Effects of cancer substances



Caracinogeopicitifee full@Asiandd creitce cancers in experimental animals.

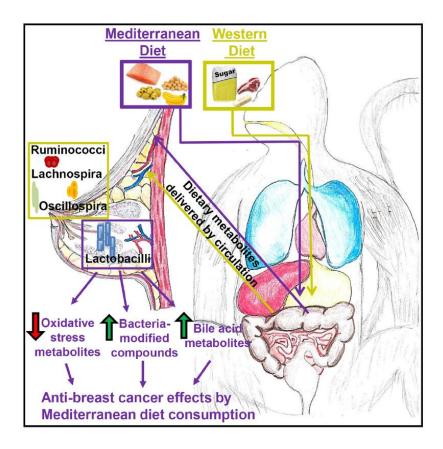
Mediterranean diet and microbiota

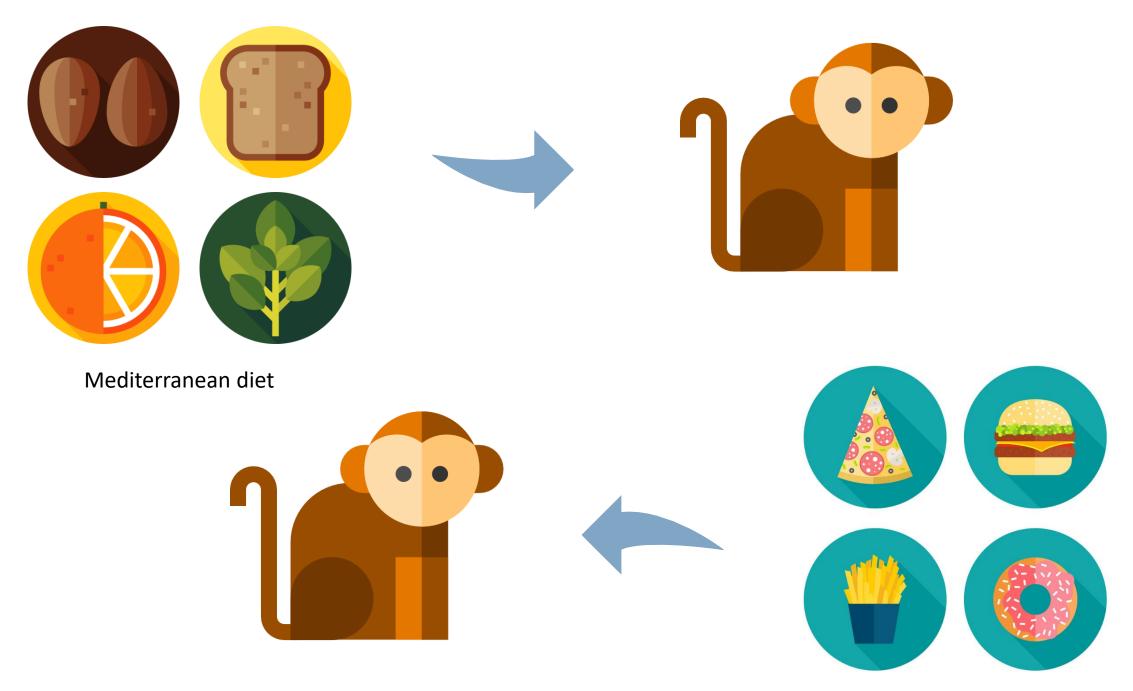
Article

Cell Reports

Consumption of Mediterranean versus Western Diet Leads to Distinct Mammary Gland Microbiome Populations

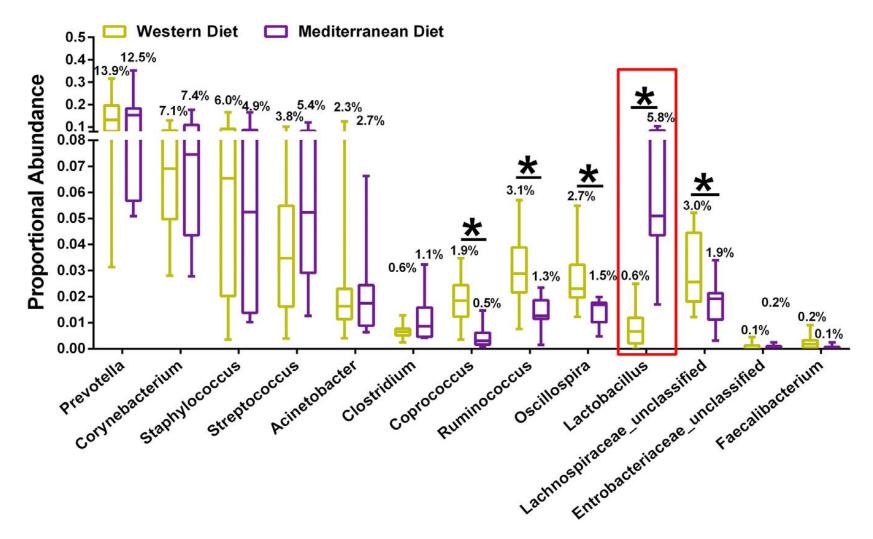
- Diet modulates mammary gland microbiota populations in a non-human primate model
- Consumption of Mediterranean diet elevates mammary gland Lactobacillus abundance
- Mediterranean diet increases breast bile acid and bacterial modified metabolites





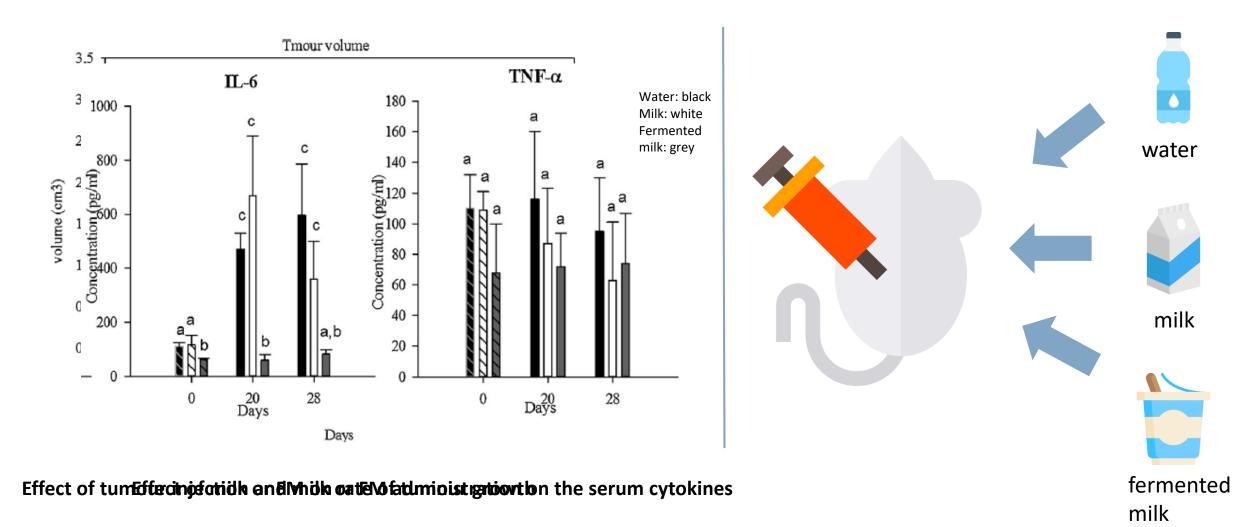
Western diet

Breast microbiota abundance alteration

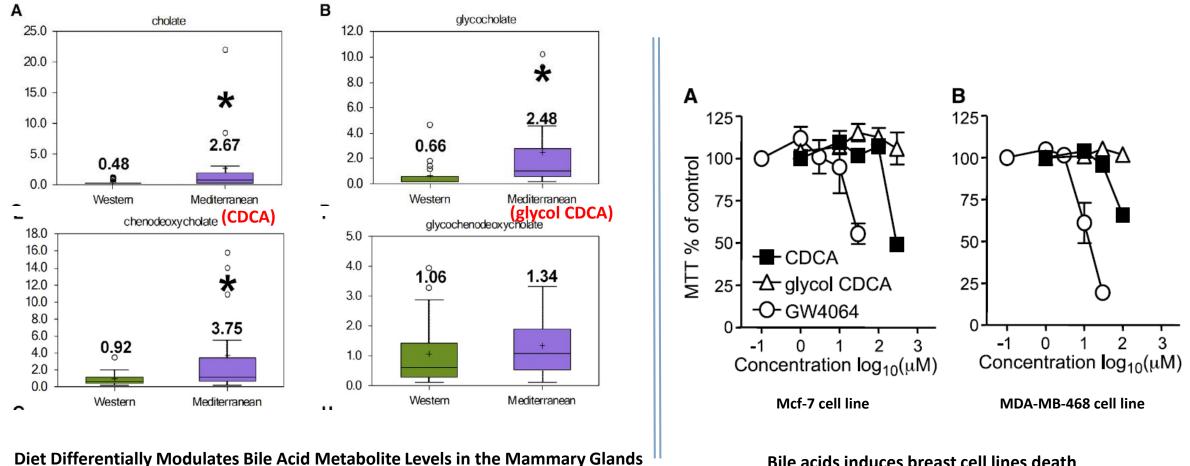


Differential Taxa between Western Diet-Fed and Mediterranean Diet-Fed Monkey Breast Tissue Microbiota

Lactobacillus can affect breast cancer



Bile acid metabolites elevation



Bile acids induces breast cell lines death

Summary



Vegetable

Antioxidant activity



Processed meat

Cancer-cause substance



Lactobacillus

Mammary gland microbiota & metabolites

Thanks for listening!